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09/880,231	06/12/2001	Ron Karim	15437-0508	5058
45657	7590 03/06/2006		EXAMINER	
HICKMAN PALERMO TRUONG & BECKER, LLP AND SUN MICROSYSTEMS, INC.			WU, QING YUAN	
	WAY PLACE		ART UNIT	PAPER NUMBER
SUITE 550			2194	
SAN JOSE, CA 95110-1089			DATE MAILED: 03/06/2006	

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

	Application No.	Applicant(s)				
Off's a Ast's a Osman and	09/880,231	KARIM, RON				
Office Action Summary	Examiner	Art Unit				
	Qing-Yuan Wu	2194				
The MAILING DATE of this communication app Period for Reply	ears on the cover sheet with the c	orrespondence address				
A SHORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR REPLY WHICHEVER IS LONGER, FROM THE MAILING DA - Extensions of time may be available under the provisions of 37 CFR 1.13 after SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication. - If NO period for reply is specified above, the maximum statutory period w - Failure to reply within the set or extended period for reply will, by statute, Any reply received by the Office later than three months after the mailing earned patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b).	ATE OF THIS COMMUNICATION 16(a). In no event, however, may a reply be tim rill apply and will expire SIX (6) MONTHS from cause the application to become ABANDONET	L. ely filed the mailing date of this communication. O (35 U.S.C. § 133).				
Status						
1)⊠ Responsive to communication(s) filed on 24 Oc	ctober 2005.					
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<i>'</i>						
,—	closed in accordance with the practice under <i>Ex parte Quayle</i> , 1935 C.D. 11, 453 O.G. 213.					
Disposition of Claims						
4) Claim(s) 1,3-17 and 19-32 is/are pending in the application.						
4a) Of the above claim(s) is/are withdraw	4a) Of the above claim(s) is/are withdrawn from consideration.					
5) Claim(s) is/are allowed.						
6)⊠ Claim(s) <u>1, 4-17 and 20-32</u> is/are rejected.	☑ Claim(s) <u>1, 4-17 and 20-32</u> is/are rejected.					
7)⊠ Claim(s) <u>3 and 19</u> is/are objected to.						
8) Claim(s) are subject to restriction and/or	election requirement.					
Application Papers						
9) The specification is objected to by the Examine	r.					
10)☐ The drawing(s) filed on is/are: a)☐ accepted or b)☐ objected to by the Examiner.						
Applicant may not request that any objection to the drawing(s) be held in abeyance. See 37 CFR 1.85(a).						
Replacement drawing sheet(s) including the correction is required if the drawing(s) is objected to. See 37 CFR 1.121(d).						
11)☐ The oath or declaration is objected to by the Ex	aminer. Note the attached Office	Action or form PTO-152.				
Priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119						
12) ☐ Acknowledgment is made of a claim for foreign a) ☐ All b) ☐ Some * c) ☐ None of:		-(d) or (f).				
1. Certified copies of the priority documents have been received.						
2. Certified copies of the priority documents have been received in Application No						
3. Copies of the certified copies of the priority documents have been received in this National Stage						
application from the International Bureau						
* See the attached detailed Office action for a list of the certified copies not received.						
Attachment(s)	SUPERVISOR	M THOMSON Y PATENT EXAMINER				
1) Notice of References Cited (PTO-892)	4) Linterview Summary	(PTO-413)				
2) Notice of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-948) 3) Information Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO-1449 or PTO/SB/08) Paper No(s)/Mail Date	Paper No(s)/Mail Da 5) Notice of Informal P 6) Other:	te atent Application (PTO-152)				
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DETAILED ACTION

1. Claims 1, 3-17 and 19-32 are pending in this application.

Allowable Subject Matter

2. Claims 3 and 19 are objected to as being dependent upon a rejected base claim, but would be allowable if rewritten in independent form including all of the limitations of the base claim and any intervening claims.

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 103

- 3. The following is a quotation of 35 U.S.C. 103(a) which forms the basis for all obviousness rejections set forth in this Office action:
 - (a) A patent may not be obtained though the invention is not identically disclosed or described as set forth in section 102 of this title, if the differences between the subject matter sought to be patented and the prior art are such that the subject matter as a whole would have been obvious at the time the invention was made to a person having ordinary skill in the art to which said subject matter pertains. Patentability shall not be negatived by the manner in which the invention was made.
- 4. Claims 1, 4-17 and 20-32 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Schnurer et al (hereafter Schnurer) (U.S. Patent 5,842,002), in view of Nachenberg (U.S. Patent 6,357,008).
- 5. Schnurer and Nachenberg were cited in the last office action.

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6. As to claim 1, Schnurer teaches the invention substantially as claimed including a computer-implemented method for executing an untrusted program [abstract, lines 1-2], comprising:

establishing a limited environment within a general environment [col. 6, lines 56-58; Figs. 3 and 4], wherein said limited environment comprises one or more mock resources [col. 4, lines 16-20, 22-26 and 47-49; col. 7, lines 3-8], wherein said general environment comprises one or more real resources [col. 4, lines 24-25; col. 7, lines 15-18], wherein programs executing within said limited environment cannot access the one or more real resources in said general environment [abstract; col. 5, lines 5-10; col. 7, lines 15-18]; executing at least a portion of an untrusted program within said limited environment [col. 7, lines 5-12]; and examining said limited environment after execution of at least said portion of said untrusted program to check for undesirable behavior exhibited by said untrusted program [col. 4, lines 32-36; col. 7, lines 12-15; 48, 50, 52, Fig. 1].

7. Schnurer does not specifically teach wherein said limited environment and said general environment are both provided by the same operating system. However, Schnurer disclosed trapping device within a network environment [col. 6, lines 56-58; Fig. 3 and 4]. In addition, Nachenberg teaches an antivirus program that includes a decryption, exploration and evaluation phases/modules causing a CPU emulator with virtual memory to simulate untrusted programs/instructions [Nachenberg, col. l, lines 16-20; col. 5, lines 27-40; col.6, lines 52-58; col. 7, line 31-col. 8, line 47].

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8. It would have been obvious to one of an ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention was made, to have combined the teaching of Schnurer with the teaching of Nachenberg by implementing the limited environment in the same machine as the general environment if the limited environment is limited to protect a specific machine and to have an operating system within the machine providing both environments for the same reason (i.e. an antivirus program running under an operating system protecting other programs/hardware/real resources running under the same operating system).

As to claim 4, Schnurer as modified teaches the invention substantially as claimed including wherein examining said limited environment comprises: determining whether a mock resource has been deleted [col. 4, lines 37-39; col. 7, lines 12-15; Nachenberg, col. 9, line 44]. Schnurer as modified does not specifically teach a particular mock resource. However, Schnurer disclosed if anything within the environment changes, is a sign of a virus [col. 7, lines 48-52], and Nachenberg disclosed signature scanning of known viruses [Nachenberg, col. 1, lines 22-45]. It would have been obvious to one of an ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention was made, to have recognized that a deletion of a particular file such as a system file is an obvious sign of a virus (i.e. deletion of a particular system file that would cause instability to the operating system).

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10. As to claims 5-7, these claims are rejected for the same reason as claim 4 above. In addition, Schnurer as modified teaches mock resource has been renamed or moved [Nachenberg, col. 9, lines 47-49], or altered [col. 7, line 48 to col. 8, line 26; Nachenberg, col. 9, lines 54-55].

11. As to claim 8, Schnurer as modified teaches the invention substantially as claimed including wherein said mock resource has a parameter associated therewith which changes when said mock resource is altered, and wherein determining whether said mock resource has been altered, comprises:

determining whether said parameter has changed [col. 7, line 48 to col. 8, line 26].

12. As to claim 9, Schnurer as modified does not specifically teach the step of determining whether said mock resource has been last updated. However, Schnurer disclosed that his system could detect any malicious act by the virus, including the activities of changing the FAT table and changing of the error checking algorithm [col. 7, lines 59-60; col. 8, lines 25-26; col. 4, lines 37-39]. It would have been obvious to one of an ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention was made, to have recognized that common viral activities or critical behaviors exhibited by viruses would have included the updating of system resources as being considered and implemented in Schnurer et al's method of virus detection.

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13. As to claim 10, this claim is rejected for the same reason as claim 4 above. In addition, Schnurer as modified teaches the invention substantially as claimed including wherein examining said mock environment comprises:

determining whether said mock resource has been accessed [col. 7, line 48 to col. 8, line 26].

- 14. As to claim 11, Schnurer as modified does not specifically teach wherein said mock resource contains one or more sets of content, and searching a particular portion of memory for at least one of said one or more sets of content. It is well known in the art that when a file gets accessed or altered, traces of the contents being accessed is located in the memory, in addition, Schnurer disclosed the determination of potential viral activities by examining "if anything within the environment changes..." [col. 7, line 48 to col. 8, line 26].
- 15. As to claim 12, Schnurer as modified teaches the invention substantially as claimed including providing information indicating behavior exhibited by said untrusted program [col. 7, line 25 to col. 8, line 26].
- 16. As to claims 13 and 14, Schnurer as modified teaches the invention substantially as claimed including wherein said information comprises indications of undesirable behavior exhibited by said untrusted program [col. 7, lines 48-52], and in response to a determination that said untrusted program has exhibited undesirable behavior, taking corrective action [col. 8, lines 27-35; 52, Fig. 1].

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17. As to claims 15 and 16, Schnurer as modified teaches the invention substantially as claimed including wherein taking corrective action comprises: deleting said untrusted program and warning to a user [col. 8, lines 27-35; 52, Fig. 1].

18. As to claims 17 and 20-32, these are system claims that correspond to the method claims 1 and 4-16. Therefore, they are rejected for the same reason as claims 1 and 4-16 above.

Response to Arguments

- 19. Applicant's arguments filed 10/24/05 have been fully considered but they are not persuasive.
- 20. In the remarks, Applicant argued in substance that:
 - a. Nachenberg fails to teach or suggest that the same operating system provides both a limited environment and a general environment.
- 21. Examiner respectfully traversed Applicant's remarks:

As to point (a), Nachenberg teaches an antivirus program that emulates the target program in a virtual environment (i.e. limited environment) that is independent of the memory of the host computer system [Nachenberg, col. I, lines 16-20; col. 3, lines 62-65; col.6, lines 52-58; col. 7, line 31-col. 8, line 47; Fig. 1], and given the broadest reasonable interpretation of an

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"operating system" defined by The Microsoft Computer Dictionary Fifth Edition as "the software that controls the allocation and usage of hardware resources such as memory, central processing unit (CPU) time, disk space, and peripheral devices. The operating system is the foundation software on which applications depend," the Examiner believed the above limitations have been met.

22. THIS ACTION IS MADE FINAL. Applicant is reminded of the extension of time policy as set forth in 37 CFR 1.136(a).

A shortened statutory period for reply to this final action is set to expire THREE MONTHS from the mailing date of this action. In the event a first reply is filed within TWO MONTHS of the mailing date of this final action and the advisory action is not mailed until after the end of the THREE-MONTH shortened statutory period, then the shortened statutory period will expire on the date the advisory action is mailed, and any extension fee pursuant to 37 CFR 1.136(a) will be calculated from the mailing date of the advisory action. In no event, however, will the statutory period for reply expire later than SIX MONTHS from the mailing date of this final action.

Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner should be directed to Qing-Yuan Wu whose telephone number is (571) 272-3776. The examiner can normally be reached on 8:30am-5:00pm.

If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's supervisor, William Thomson can be reached on (571) 272-3718. The fax phone number for the organization where this application or proceeding is assigned is 571-273-8300.

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Information regarding the status of an application may be obtained from the Patent Application Information Retrieval (PAIR) system. Status information for published applications may be obtained from either Private PAIR or Public PAIR. Status information for unpublished applications is available through Private PAIR only. For more information about the PAIR system, see http://pair-direct.uspto.gov. Should you have questions on access to the Private PAIR system, contact the Electronic Business Center (EBC) at 866-217-9197 (toll-free).

Qing-Yuan Wu

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Examiner

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